Dr Anne Larigauderie  
Executive Secretary IPBES

9th Trondheim conference on biodiversity  
2 July 2019

www.ipbes.net  
Intergovernmental Science-Policy Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services
The knowledge base for decision making: IPBES assessments

2016
IPBES global assessment of biodiversity and ecosystem services

2018
The regional assessment report on BIODIVERSITY AND ECOSYSTEM SERVICES FOR AFRICA
The regional assessment report on BIODIVERSITY AND ECOSYSTEM SERVICES FOR ASIA AND THE PACIFIC
The regional assessment report on BIODIVERSITY AND ECOSYSTEM SERVICES FOR EUROPE AND CENTRAL ASIA
The regional assessment report on LAND DEGRADATION AND RESTORATION

2019
IPBES global assessment of biodiversity and ecosystem services

S. Diaz (Argentina), J. Settele (Germany), and E. Brondizio (USA/Brazil), co-chairs
The knowledge base for decision making: IPBES is much more than assessments

A set of innovative approaches
- An innovative conceptual framework
- A new approach to recognize and work with indigenous and local knowledge
- A capacity building programme
- A method to address knowledge gaps

An involvement of the community at large
- 132 Governments as Members
- Over 1,500 scientists and other knowledge holders
- 35,000 scientific publications analyzed
- 50,000 peer review comments received
An unprecedented global interest in biodiversity

- 30,000 articles in the press
- 163 countries
- 45 languages
Biodiversity centre stage

The IPBES global assessment has brought biodiversity prominently to the attention of policymakers and the public, and researchers should seize this critical opportunity to engender change towards sustainability.

The New York Times

Wildlife Facing Extinction Risk All Over Globe

U.N. Says Humans Are Killing Species

By RICK FLAMING

Washington — Human activity is decimating nature’s biodiversity at an alarming rate, the United Nations said [on Monday] in its first report on the state of the world’s species.

The report, released Monday, said that about 1 million species are in danger of extinction, a rate that has multiplied by about 100 since the 17th century. It pointed to a range of threats, including from climate change, habitat loss, over-harvesting and the spread of invasive species.

The report said that a lack of understanding of how biodiversity affects people was a major problem. It called for a more comprehensive approach to protecting species, including efforts to restore degraded ecosystems and limit the use of pesticides.

The Guardian

Humanity facing ‘urgent threat’ from loss of Earth’s natural life

We should have gone further in biodiversity: Report

As Washington Accuses Iran, Relations Hit a Trump-Era Low

Tax Returns and Barr Subpoena Fuel Latest Clash on Capitol Hill

The Washington Post

Extinctions put humans at grave risk, report warns

By Daniel Faber

One million plant and animal species are on the verge of extinction, with climate change the biggest threat, according to a new United Nations report released Monday.

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The report said that a lack of understanding of how biodiversity affects people was a major problem. It called for a more comprehensive approach to protecting species, including efforts to restore degraded ecosystems and limit the use of pesticides.

The Boston Globe

A million species face peril, UN says

By Scott Gold

A million species are facing extinction, a new United Nations report warns, and urgent action is needed to stem the loss of biodiversity.

The report, released Monday, said that about 1 million species are in danger of extinction, a rate that has multiplied by about 100 since the 17th century. It pointed to a range of threats, including from climate change, habitat loss, over-harvesting and the spread of invasive species.

The report said that a lack of understanding of how biodiversity affects people was a major problem. It called for a more comprehensive approach to protecting species, including efforts to restore degraded ecosystems and limit the use of pesticides.

Le Monde

UN MILLION D'ESPÈCES MENACÉES DE DISPARITION

IL N'EST PAS TROP TARD POUR AGIR...

SOS NATURE

L'ONU alerte que un milliard d'espèces sont en danger d'extinction

Un million d'espèces menacé: un cri d'alarme de l'ONU

Le Figaro

Un million d'espèces menacées: peut-on encore les sauver?

Le rapport révèle que de nombreuses espèces sont en danger de disparition. Les solutions existent, mais le temps presse.
Para la versión completa de este artículo, vea la fuente original.
Social media:

- 30 million+ exposure for #IPBES7 and #GlobalAssessment
- 500,000+ visitors to ipbes.net

According to a new report by the @UN, nature is in more trouble now than at any other time in human history. But there’s still time to take action. That’s why we’re:

- Putting a price on pollution
- Protecting our lands & oceans
- Investing in clean tech & public transit

@JustinTrudeau

Cada criatura tiene una función y ninguna es superflua. Todo el universo es un lenguaje del amor de Dios, de su desmesurado cariño hacia nosotros. El suelo, el agua, las montañas, todo es caricia de Dios. #Biodiversity

@Pontifex_es

A new UN report concludes that 1mn species risk extinction because of human activity. And that the destruction of nature threatens humanity. And yet, this is not top news. As long as it continues like this, as long as the media fails to take responsibility, we stand no chance.

@GretaThunberg

These facts are stark: “Around 1 million species already face extinction, many within decades.” We urgently have to protect natural habitats and tackle climate change. This cannot be our legacy.

@HillaryClinton

Robert Watson was heroic as the key manager of the @IPCC CHF’s historic work on climate. And now he is the architect of this historic @IPBES assessment on biodiversity!

@algore

Loss of biodiversity is just as catastrophic as climate change. | Robert Watso... Nature is being eroded at rates unprecedented in human history, says scientist Robert Watson

@theguardian.com
The IPBES global assessment has established the knowledge base regarding:

- Trends, causes, consequences for humans of the loss of biodiversity
- Options for action
- Aichi Targets: only components of 4 out of 20 targets will be achieved

Future IPBES assessments will inform transformative change:

- Understanding the underlying causes of biodiversity loss and determinants of transformative change
- Reaching simultaneously SDGs related to food, climate, health, water and biodiversity
- Measuring business impact and dependence on biodiversity and on nature’s contributions to people
ipbes merci ! #IPBES7